Attachment No 2 to COA-31-2024



Terra-Dynamics Consulting Inc.

432 Niagara Street, Unit 2 St. Catharines, ON L2M 4W3

June 26, 2024

Mr. Mark VandenBerg 5324 Canborough Road Wellandport, Ontario LOR 2J0

Re: Hydrogeological Assessment, Consent (Severance), 5324 Canborough Road, Wellandport, Township of West Lincoln, Ontario

Dear Mr. VandenBerg,

1.0 Introduction, Background Information and Purpose

Mr. VandenBerg retained Terra-Dynamics Consulting Inc. (Terra-Dynamics) to complete a Hydrogeological Assessment to assess sewage impacts for a proposed residential consent (land severance) from 5324 Canborough located in the Hamlet of Wellandport, Township of West Lincoln (referred to herein as the Site) (Township, 2024) (refer to Figure 1). The consents consist of Part 1 which contains the existing dwelling with a lot size of 0.40 hectares (1.0 acre) and Part 2 which is approximately 0.73 hectares (1.8 acre) in size (refer to Appendix A, Russel Technical Services, 2024). This assessment's purpose is to assess the risk to groundwater supplies from the reduction in the size of Part 1 and its existing infrastructure, as well as the new private sewage system proposed for Parcel 2. The hydrogeological assessment is required by the Township of West Lincoln (Township), and Niagara Region, as the proposed lots are smaller than 1 hectare (Township, 2019, Niagara Region, 2022, respectively). The purpose of the assessment is to satisfy relevant municipal policies including:

1. Township of West Lincoln policy 18.13.5 Hamlet Settlement Area

"The minimum lot size for lots created in a Hamlet designation shall be approximately 1.0 hectare as required to satisfy the Township Building Department and Part 8 of the Ontario Building Code for long term operation of a waste disposal system, unless a hydrological assessment determines that a smaller lot size will be adequate to accommodate private water and sewage treatment facilities."

2. Niagara Region Official Plan 2022 policy 4.1.9.2(b):

"...the minimum size of the proposed and retained lots shall each be 1 hectare unless it is determined through a hydrogeological study, that considers potential cumulative impacts, that a smaller size lot will adequately accommodate private water and sewage treatment facilities for long-term operation but not be less than 0.4 hectares..."

2.0 Methodology

Terra-Dynamics began the assessment once confirmation of the appropriateness of the Terms of Reference was received from Niagara Region (Niagara Region, 2024) and the Township of West Lincoln

(Township of West Lincoln, 2024). Our work program (as per the Terms of Reference) included the following components, described below.

2.1 Description of Geologic and Hydrogeologic Setting

The Site's geologic and hydrogeologic settings were described using published information to assess the aquifer's vulnerability and sensitivity, which included the following:

- i. MECP water well records (refer to Figure 2, Appendix B);
- ii. Ontario Geological Survey (OGS) nearby continuous boreholes (Figure 1, Burt, 2020, Appendix D);
- iii. Available soil mapping and geologic golden spike boreholes (refer to Figure 1 and Appendix D); and
- iv. Niagara Peninsula Source Protection Area Assessment Report (NPCA, 2013).

2.2 Water Well and Sewage System Survey

A water well and sewage system survey questionnaire, and explanation letter pertaining to the need for the survey, was mailed to neighbouring properties in March of 2024. A total of eight developed properties were identified within 100 metres of the Site that could receive a survey by mail. A copy of the questionnaire and information letter is provided in Appendix C.

2.3 Site Visit

The Site was visited by Terra-Dynamics on April 9, 2024, to assess site conditions and to complete the following (i) evaluation of any on-site or nearby private water supply wells, (ii) hand-augering at two locations to determine shallow soil conditions on-site, and (iii) submission of one representative soil sample for laboratory grain-size analyses.

2.4 Water Well Record Search and Documentation

Water well records located within 500 metres of the Site were mapped out using the Ministry of the Environment Conservation and Parks (MECP) water well records database. The locations of these water well records are provided on a map (refer to Figure 2) and well log information is summarized in Section 3.1 and included in Appendix B.

2.5 Assessment of Impact on Water Resources

The potential sewage effluent impacts to the groundwater flow regime and private wells were assessed using the provincial procedure D-5-4 (MECP, 1996a). As the new lot development will be provided potable water via cistern, this report does not include a water supply assessment (MECP, 1996b), and it is recommended that a development agreement be implemented that will indicate water supply by cistern only. There is currently an existing cistern and septic at the existing property on Parcel 1 (refer to Figure 4).

3.0 Hydrogeological Assessment

3.1 Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) Water Well Records

MECP water well records located within 500 m of the Site were reviewed and three records were identified (refer to Figure 2 and Appendix B). The well records indicate that water is taken from the bedrock aquifer which is identified in the records as limestone, although it is Salina Formation dolostone, shale and gypsum (refer to Section 4.2). The thickness of the overlying clay is recorded as between 25.3 and 33.5 metres below ground surface (83 to 110 feet) (refer to Figure 3). The closest water well record is located approximately 100 m to the east (Water Well Record (WWR) #3800419).

The well records date from 1961 to 2020 and indicate that the wells were constructed primarily for domestic or farm water supply purposes. All the water well records indicate that the well casings extended to bedrock, and general water quality observations by the water well contractors described the water as fresh and/or sulphurous (refer to Appendix B).

3.2 Water Well and Sewage System Results

A water use and septic system survey was mailed in March, 2024 to the eight developed parcels located within 100 m of the Site (refer to Figure 2, Table 1, and Appendix C). No responses were received as of June 12, 2024, which is over 2 months since the mail-out. A low response rate is not uncommon in this type of assessment and does not impact the efficacy of the findings.

Address	Comments		
5340 Canborough Road	No response received		
5336 Canborough Road	No response received		
5316 Canborough Road	No response received		
5294 Canborough Road	No response received		
5298 Beavercreek Crescent	No response received		
5304 Beavercreek Crescent	No response received		
5335 Canborough Road	No response received		
5344 Canborough Road	No response received		

Table 1: Summary of Water Well Survey Results

4.0 Physical Setting

The Site topography is classified by Agriculture Canda (2024) as slope class A (little or no slope) to the south towards the Welland River, with a ground surface elevation ranging between 179 and 177 metres above sea level (m ASL) (refer to Figure 2). The Site is within the Welland River watershed, however, there are no mapped watercourses on the Site (refer to Figure 2). There are also no tile drains mapped for the Site (OMAFRA, 2024). No watercourses or waterbodies were observed during the site visit on April 9, 2024. The site plan (refer to Appendix A) displays "NPCA Regulated Lands" in the southwest portion of the property on the proposed Parcel 2, the available online mapping from the NPCA

Watershed Explorer indicates that this line designates a "Top of Slope Allowance" as noted in Appendix A.

4.1 Soils

The Site is located on the Haldimand Clay Plain physiographic region (Chapman and Putnam, 1984). The soil for the Site is mapped as Brantford soil (i.e mainly lacustrine silty clay) and the adjacent lands immediately to the south are mapped as modern alluvium (i.e. fine-textured floodplain deposits) (OMAFRA, 2024) (refer to Appendix D). Brantford soils are classified as moderately to poorly drained silty clay overlying glaciolacustrine silty clay parent material (OMAFRA, 1989). Brantford soils are associated with Beverly Soils and are depicted as such below in Figure 5 (OMAFRA, 1989).

The soils on the Site have been assigned a Hydrologic Soil Group C characterized as moderately fine to fine textured with slow infiltration rates (OMAFRA, 2024) (refer to Appendix D).

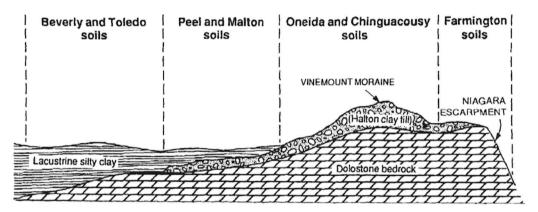


Figure 5 – Schematic cross-section showing the relationship of soils on the Haldimand Clay Plain (OMAFRA, 1989)

Soil samples were collected by hand-auger at each of the two Parts (Figure 2) on April 9, 2024, and one representative sample, HA-1 was submitted for laboratory grain-size analyses (Appendix D). This sample was collected from below 80 cm depth and is compared to Horizon C values for the mapped soil types (Table 2).

Table 2 – Horizon C Grain-size Analyses Summary

Soil Name/Location	Gravel%	Sand%	Silt%	Clay%	Texture ¹
Brantford Soil ²	0	6	45	49	Silty Clay
HA-1	0	3	35	65	Silty Clay

Note: 1 - Texture as per Fetter (1994), 2 - Kingston and Presant, 1989

4.2 Overburden geology

The surficial geology of the Site is mapped as clay and silt associated with fine-textured glaciolacustrine deep water deposits (refer to Figure 2) (OGS, 2003), and the overburden was regionally mapped as 28 metres thick at the Site (NPCA, 2013). This correlates well with the hydrogeologic section provided on Figure 3, as the depth to bedrock at the Site was approximately between 25.3 and 33.5 metres based on previously mentioned nearby water well records (refer to Section 3.1).

4.3 Bedrock Geology

The underlying bedrock is mapped as the Salina Formation shale, dolostone and gypsum (Armstrong and Dodge, 2007). The bedrock topography dips regionally to the south (NPCA, 2013), and is at approximately 152 m ASL beneath the Site based on available mapping and nearby water well records (refer to Section 3.1, Appendix B, and Figure 3).

4.4 Hydrogeologic Setting

4.4.1 Overburden Aquitard and Water Table

The Site is in mid-way between Ontario Geological Survey (OGS) boreholes BH07-NP-2014, BH29-NP-2014, BH34-NP-2014, and BH90-NP-2014 (Burt, 2020, Appendix D) (refer to Figure 1). These boreholes identify the uppermost clay and silt as the Upper Whittlesey Aquitard overlying the silt/clay diamicton of the Upper Halton, Lower Whittlesey, and Wentworth Aquitards (Burt, 2020) (refer to Appendix D). This is consistent with the classification of this upper glaciolacustrine unit as an overburden aquitard by Gartner Lee Limited (GLL), with the hydraulic conductivity of this silty clay aquitard expected to be 7x10-7 m/s or less (GLL, 1987).

Two shallow soil samples were collected from the Site using a hand-auger during the April 9, 2024 site visit (Section 4.1) One of these samples, HA-1, which was collected from a depth of 0.80 m BGS, was submitted for laboratory grain-size analyses (Appendix D). The Excel-tool HydrogeoSieveXL (Devlin, 2015) was used to process the grain-size analyses to provide a shallow soil hydraulic conductivity estimate of 6x10⁻¹¹ m/s for HA-1 (Appendix D). This result is within published ranges for clay (Fetter, 1995).

Gartner Lee Limited (1987) provides a good description of the expected water table conditions within the overburden aguitard:

"Detailed studies indicate that the water table fluctuates over the weathered/fractured upper two to three metres of the glaciolacustrine silts and clays comprising the overburden aquitard...flow in this shallow zone responds to daily climatic changes such that, during precipitation, the open fractures from weathering will quickly fill with water. The bulk of the discharge will then occur locally in swales that carry intermittent surface water The remainder will go to depth to recharge the ground water system."

Groundwater flow in the overburden aquitard is expected to follow topography to the southeast (refer to Figure 2) while being limited in velocity by the low hydraulic conductivity (Haitjema and Mitchell-Bruker, 2005).

This overburden aquitard is protecting the underlying bedrock aquifer. The thickness of the low permeability overburden materials has been mapped between 25.3 and 33.5 metres at and around the Site as summarized in the hydrogeologic section provided on Figure 3 and in the OGS borehole information provided in Appendix D (Burt, 2020), which shows this overburden aquitard protecting the bedrock (Salina Formation) aquifer from land use activities (i.e. private sewage disposal) at ground surface.

4.4.2 Bedrock Aquifer and Groundwater Flow

The uppermost part of the bedrock is an aquifer where weathered, having "...a higher hydraulic conductivity than the same formation at depth...attributed to weathering of the bedrock surface..." (GLL, 1987). The potentiometric surface of the bedrock aquifer is approximately 175-173.6 m ASL (refer to Figure 3) with regional flow towards the northwest (NPCA, 2013). Water quality in the Salina Formation bedrock aquifer has been measured to have several water quality treatment challenges including hydrogen sulphide, sodium, sulphate, chloride, iron and manganese above Ontario Drinking Water Quality Aesthetic Objectives (Campbell and Burt, 2016).

4.4.3 Confined Bedrock Aquifer Conceptual Model

The Section 4.0 information is summarized in the schematic below, as a conceptual model for the assessment of potential sewage system impacts to groundwater and private wells (refer to Figure 5).

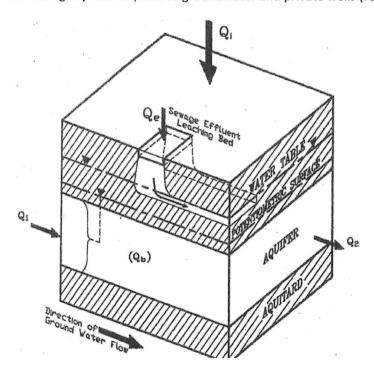


Figure 6 - Confined Aquifer Impact Assessment Subsurface Sewage System (MECP, 1995)

5.0 Assessment of Potential Sewage Impacts

Provincial Procedure D-5-4 (MECP, 1996) provides an assessment process for assessing the groundwater impact potential of private sewage systems. The purpose of the assessment process "is to ensure that the combined effluent discharges from all the individual on-site sewage systems in a development will have a minimal effect on the groundwater and the present or potential use of the adjacent property" (MECP, 1996).

This assessment process involves two main steps: (i) consideration of system isolation and (ii) contaminant attenuation, as visualized below in Figure 7.

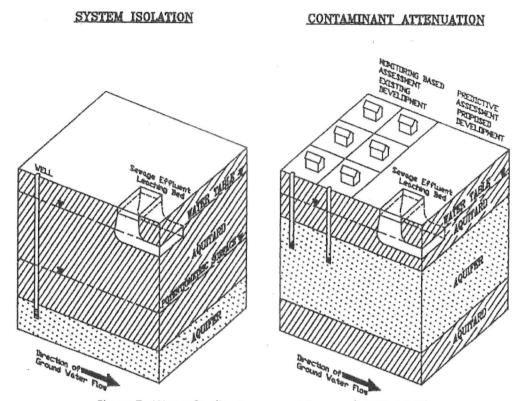


Figure 7- Water Quality Assessment Process (MECP, 1995)

5.1 System Isolation

As stated in Provincial Procedure D-5-4:

"Developments will normally be considered as low risk where it can be demonstrated that sewage effluent is hydrogeologically isolated from ... supply aquifer(s)" (MECP, 1996).

The Design Guidelines for Sewage Works (MECP, 2008) provide criteria for evaluation of sewage system isolation from the underlying bedrock aquifer:

"Where it can be shown that the uppermost subsurface unit(s) at an infiltration facility have a vertical hydraulic conductivity of 10^{-5} cm/sec (10^{-7} m/sec) or less, is at least 10 metres (33 feet) thick and extends at least 100 m (330 ft) downgradient of the infiltration area, attenuation calculations may not be required."

The surficial aquitard has a sufficiently low hydraulic conductivity (Section 4.3.1), and mapping of the aquitard thickness shows over 10 metres of material at the Site (refer to Section 4.1 and Figure 3).

Consequently, private sewage servicing of the proposed severance is (i) a low risk to the water supply aquifer, and (ii) nearby water supply wells, because the Site is hydrogeologically isolated from the bedrock aquifer. This conclusion is based upon the following:

- The bedrock aquifer has been mapped as having low intrinsic susceptibility (WHI, 2005); and
- The thickness and extent of the underlying aquitard is greater than the 10 m MECP criterion for hydrogeologic isolation.

As there is considerable consistent documentation confirming these conditions at the Site, no new collection of geologic information is required.

Further responding to the guidance of Provincial Procedure D-5-4 under Step 2, it is worth noting that the effluent will infiltrate into the surficial clay and silt soils, become anaerobic, and consequently denitrify (Robertson et al, 1996). No sewage effluent will enter the water supply aquifer, hence "the lot density of the proposed development may be dictated by... the need for sewage system replacement areas... and by the minimum distances... as defined by Ontario Regulations..." (MECP, 1996).

Consequently, no Step 3 contamination attenuation calculations are required to be completed, because:

"...where it has been demonstrated that the sewage effluent will not enter supply aquifers, the lot density of the proposed development may be dictated by factors such as the need for sewage system replacement areas, and by the minimum distances between individual on-site beds and wells (or cisterns), as defined by Ontario Regulations..." (MECP, 1996)

5.2 Sewage System Effluent Disposal Location Considerations

Future sewage system effluent disposal locations (e.g. raised leaching or filter bed) are constrained by a series of Part 8 Ontario Building Code set-backs including at least 15 metres from a cistern (referred to as a reservoir in the code) (Refer to Figure 4). In addition, the current septic bed for the dwelling on Part 1 exerts a set-back for the future cistern on Part 2.

No water supplies have been identified outside of the Site within 30 metres. Therefore, there is no reason to exert external building code set-backs on the proposed severances.

6.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

6.1 Conclusions

The following conclusions are provided:

- 1. The existing residence (Part 1) and the proposed consent (severance, Part 2) are isolated from the underlying water supply aquifer; and
- 2. There are no hydrogeological-based impediments to site development as long as the following recommendations are implemented.

6.2 Recommendations

The following recommendations are provided for your consideration:

- 1. A private sewage system and cistern may be sustainability created on the consent area (Part 2) of 0.73 ha (1.8 acre) as long as Ontario Building Code set-backs are met; and
- 2. A development agreement should be completed indicating that the water supplies will be by cistern.

We trust this information is sufficient for your present needs. Please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned if you have any questions.

Yours truly,

TERRA-DYNAMICS CONSULTING INC.

Briar MacIntyre, B.Sc., P.Geo. Environmental Geologist

BRIAR MACINTYRE SPRACTISING MEMBER

3716

ONTARIO

Attachments

Figure 1 - Location of Site

Figure 2 - Regional Details

Figure 3 - Hydrogeologic Cross-Section

Figure 4 - Site Details

Appendix A - Site Plan

Appendix B - MECP Water Well Records

Appendix C - Water Use and Septic System Survey

Appendix D - Supporting Information

7.0 References

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AquaResource Inc. and Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority, 2009. Water Availability Study for the Upper Welland River Watershed Plan Area, Niagara Peninsula Source Protection Area.

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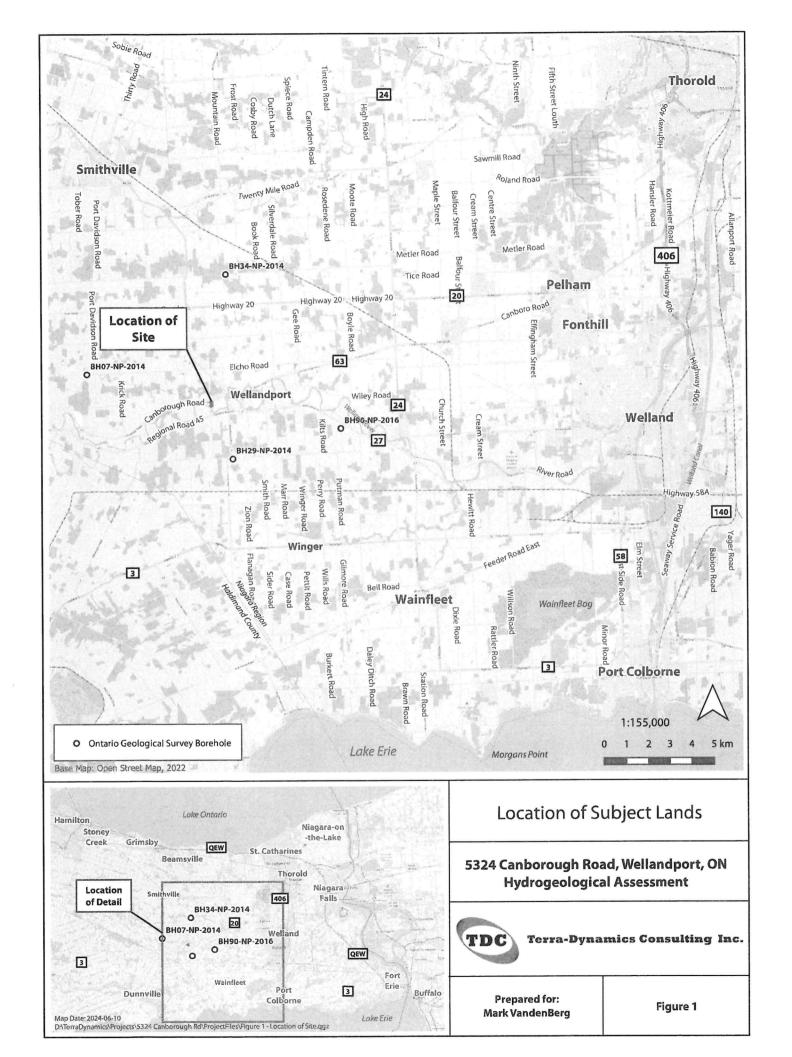
Township of West Lincoln, 2024. Re: Proposed Hydrogeology Study Terms of Reference, 5423 Canborough Road, Welland Port, Township of West Lincoln. Email from M. Etzl (Senior Planner) to Briar MacIntyre (Terra-Dynamics Consulting Inc.).

Township of West Lincoln, 2024. Record of Pre-Consultation, Meeting Date February 1, 2024, Property Address: 5324 Canborough Road, Wellandport.

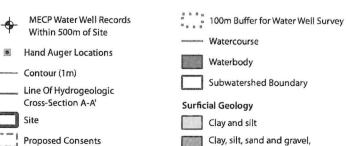
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5324 Canborough Road, Wellandport, ON

5324 Canborough Road, Wellandport, ON Hydrogeological Assessment



Terra-Dynamics Consulting Inc.

Prepared for: Mark VandenBerg

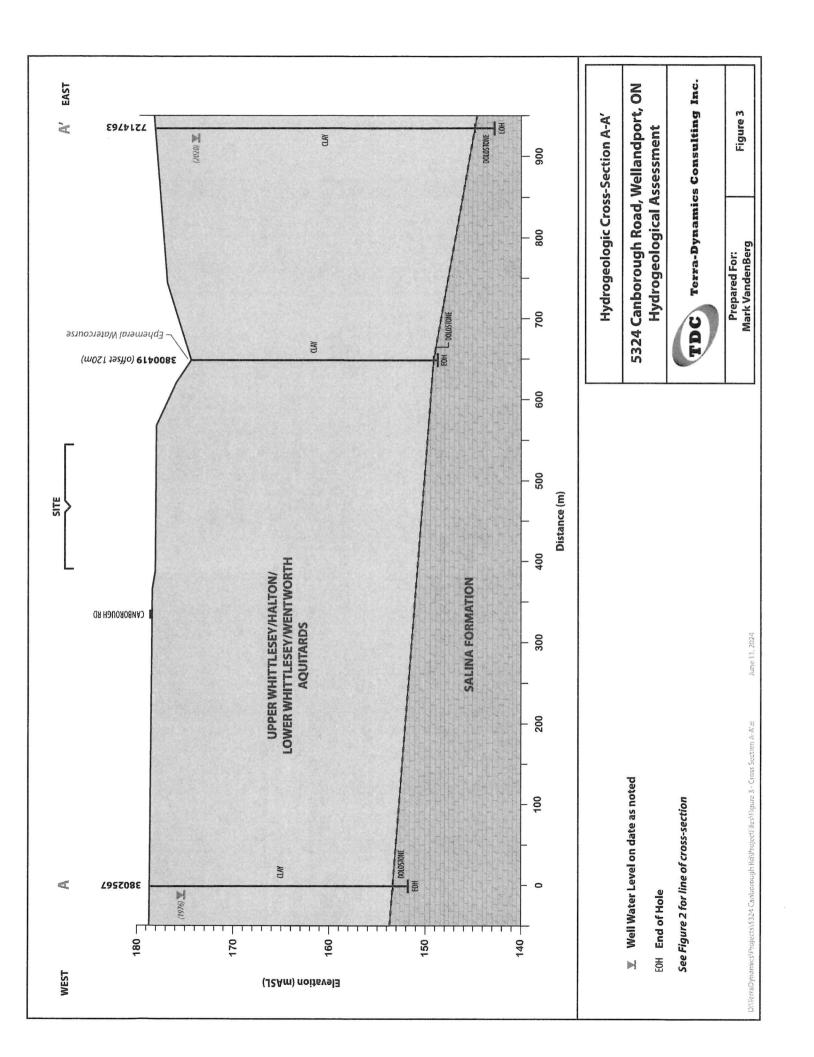
Figure 2

References: Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority: Contemporary Mapping of Watercourses, 2018; Subwatersheds. Ontario Geological Survey: Surficial Geology. Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks: Water Well Information System Records, 2022.

Map Date: 2024-06-24 D:\

D:\TerraDynamics\Projects\5324 Canborough Rd\ProjectFiles\Figure 2 - Regional Setting.qgz

with organic matter





Hand Auger Locations

Contour (1m)

Watercourse

Approximate Location of Septic Bed and Mantle

Septic Bed

Mantle

15m Buffer of Existing Septic

Existing Cistern

15m Buffer of Cistern

Proposed Consents

" # 100m Buffer for Water Well Survey

Site Details

5324 Canborough Road, Wellandport, ON Hydrogeological Assessment



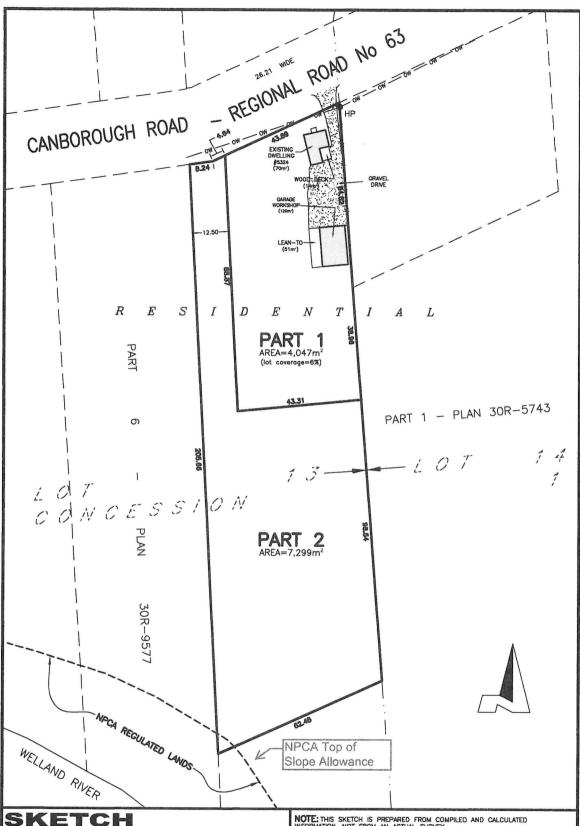
Terra-Dynamics Consulting Inc.

Prepared for: Mark VandenBerg

Figure 4

eferences: Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority: Contemporary Mapping of Watercourses, 2018; Subwatersheds. Ontario ieological Survey: Surficial Geology. Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks: Water Well Information System Records, 22.

Appendix A Preliminary Site Plan



PREPARED FOR SEVERANCE APPLICATION PART OF LOT 13, CONCESSION 1 GEOGRAPHIC TOWNSHIP OF GAINSBOROUGH

TOWNSHIP OF EST LINCOLN

REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF NIAGARA SCALE 1: 1000 (METRIC)

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MARCH 21, 2024

FILE No .

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Appendix B

Water Well Records

CON 1	ER WI	Township,	RECORD Village, Town or oppleted 20 (day) Willandpo	WEST City Lyain Lee, month	1981 VATER MMISSION LINCOLN Vear)
Casing and Screen Record				ping Test	
Inside diameter of casing 5" Total length of casing 83' Type of screen Length of screen Depth to top of screen Diameter of finished hole 5"		Test-pur Pumpin Duratic Water of Recomm	mping rate /0 g level 5 n of test pumping clear or cloudy at en mended pumping ra	30 min and of test Country	C.P.M.
Well Log			Wate	er Record	
Overburden and Bedrock Record	From ft.	To ft.	Depth(s) at which water(s) found	No. of feet water rises	Kind of water (fresh, salty, sulphur)
Clay	83'	83'	84'	84'	Some
For what purpose(s) is the water to be used? For what purpose(s) is the water to be used? Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside?	\$61476.5X606664444444444		Location diagram below stoad and lot line.		
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MINISTRY OF THE ENVIRONMENT The Ontario Water Resources Act RECORD Ontario 1. PRINT ONLY IN SPACES PROVIDED 2. CHECK S CORRECT BOX WHERE APPLICABL 3802567 CON) (W CARA کی ۲۱۱۶ "いんべっしい) 76 4761980 0586 24 LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS) GENERAL COLOUR OTHER MATERIALS 10 clay packed 20 60 83 60 83 86-6 86-60 82 002060579 006020566 00836051179 008721774 0087215 41 WATER RECORD 51 CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD SCREEN KIND OF WATER DEPIH . FEET FRESH SULPHUR MATERIAL AND TYPE 06 STEEL 0986-57 .188 0 86.6 64 I TRESH > [] SULPHUR IT' CONCRETE PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD 0087 61 I SALTY 4 MINERAL FEET . ERESH 1 SULPHUR 86.6 D STEE 1 FRESH 3 SULPHUR 2 SALTY 4 MINERAL 27.25 I GALVANIZED 1 | FRESH 1 | SULPHUR 30-33 80 26-29 Z [] SALTY A [] MINERAL A [] OPEN HOLE LOCATION OF WELL I D PUMP IN DIAGRAM BELOW SHOW DISTANCES OF WELL FROM ROAD AND LOT LINE INDICATE NORTH BY ARROW. WATER LEVELS DURING 0 P SETTING 0 60 PLET RECOMMENDED PUMPING OC FEET 00/2 WATER SUPPLY OBSERVATION WELL TEST HOLE S ABANDONED INSUFFICIENT SUPPLY FINAL 10 STATUS 7 UNFINISHED OF WELL 100 WATER DOMESTIC S COMMERCIAL STOCK IRRIGATION MUNICIPAL PUBLIC SUPPLY USE 4 A INDUSTRIAL # COOLING OR AIR CONDITIONING O OTHER 9 D NOT USED CABLE TOOL ROTARY (CONVENTIONAL) ROTARY (REVERSE | ROTARY (AIR) . D BORING METHOD

RILLERS REMARK ONLY 1310 76 3640 3640 392M1 3G 3TAG USE (OFFICE CSS.S8

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DETTING

MINISTRY OF THE ENVIRONMENT COPY

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3 AIR PERCUSSION

DRILLING

Ministry of the Environment, Well Tag No. (Place Sticker and/or Print Below) Well Record Conservation and Parks Tag#: A268408 Regulation 903 Ontario Water Resources Act Measurements recorded in: Metric Memperial Page ddress of Well Location (Street Number/Name)
5274 Canborous
County District/Municipality Rd West Lincoln County Distriction Postal Code Welland Port Ontario LORSTO Other NAD 8 3 171706 28495 430 01779 4762257 UTM Sealing Record (see instructions on the back of this form) General Colour Most Common Material Other Materials General Description BROWN Clal clax C/8X 20 Bedrock limestone 110 Annular Space Results of Well Yield Testing Type of Sealant Used (Material and Type) After test of well yield, water was: Depth Set at (m/ft) Draw Down Recovery Clear and sand free $(m^2/\tilde{t}t^2)$ Benses (mn)(mm) 5 BAGS If pumping discontinued, give reason: Level 15.6 25.1 20.1 Pump intake set at (m/ft) 65 umping rate (Vimin / GPM) Method of Construction Well Use J O Duration of pumping Cable Tool ☐ Diamond ☐ Public ☐ Domestic Commercial 23.0 ☐ Not used ☐ Dewatering Rotary (Conventional) Municipal ☐ Driving
☐ Digging ☐ Test Hole
☐ Cooling & Rotary (Reverse) / hrs + 0 min Livestock ☐ Monitoring Boring ☐ Irrigation Cooling & Air Conditioning Final water level end of pumping (m/ft) 23.8 10 15.6 Air percussion
Other, specify Industrial
Other, specify 25.1 FARM If flowing give rate (Vmin / GPM) 24.1 Construction Record - Casing Status of Well Inside Dismeter (cm/in) Open Hole OR Material (Galvanized, Fibreglass, Concrete, Plasto, Steel) Deoth (mvft) Water Supply
Replacement Wet Recommended pump depth (m/ft) Tnickness (cm/in) From Test Hole 6" Recommenue. (I/min / GPM) Recharge Well 188 Steel 30 15. 0 110 Dewatering Well Observation and/or Monitoring Hole 40 04.9 40 15.6 Well production (Vmin / GPM) Disinfected? 50 25.0 50 15.6 Alteration (Construction) Yes No Abandoned, insufficient Supply 60 25.1 60 15. Construction Record - Screen Map of Well Location Abandoned, Poor Water Quality Please provide a map below following instructions on the back. Material (Plastic, Galvanized, St Depth (m/ft) Slot No. Abandoned, other FARM Other, specify Water Details Hole Diameter Water found at Depth | Kind of Water: Fresh Untested 10 8 (m/ft) Gas Other, specify (cm/in) 1011 Ó ter found at Depth Kind of Water: Fresh Untested (m/ft) Gas Other, specify 6 4 20 1167 Water found at Depth Kind of Water: Fresh Gas Other, specify Well Contractor and Well Technician Information FIELD WELL DRILLING ONT 40R2CO fields Well owner's information Ministry Use Only 9090102114 Audit No. Z329623 905 941 434) Well Technician's Licence No. Sign package delivered Yes FIELD MARSHALL 365 201200630 Received JUL 2 3 2020 No Ministry's Copy

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Appendix C

Well Use & Septic System Survey



Terra-Dynamics Consulting Inc.

432 Niagara Street, Unit 2 St. Catharines, ON L2M 4W3

March 8, 2024

Dear Resident:

On behalf of Mr. Mark VandenBerg Terra-Dynamics Consulting Inc. is completing a water well and septic system survey as part of a Hydrogeological Study of 5324 Canborough Road. This is a survey of properties in the vicinity of 5324 Canborough Road, as shown on the attached map (Site). We are seeking to map nearby private wells in order to ensure protection of water quantity and quality as part of future residential development. This well and septic system survey is a recommended part of a hydrogeologic, or groundwater, study of the subject lands which informs water supplies and septic system designs and locations. This is a standard questionnaire for properties on private services.

The purpose of this survey is to collect information on private or residential water wells, cisterns and septic systems within approximately 100 metres of the Site (as shown by the outline on the attached map). **Participation is voluntary.** Participation involves completing the attached questionnaire on municipal, well and/or cistern use, groundwater quantity, quality and your septic system. Please complete it as best as you can. Please fill out the questionnaire and mail it back to Terra-Dynamics Consulting Inc. in the self-addressed and stamped envelope. The information you provide will be summarized in our report and personal information (e.g. name, address, etc.) will be kept confidential and will not be included in our report.

If you have any questions about the questionnaire, please contact Briar MacIntyre at 905-906-2311 or via email at bmacintyre@terra-dynamics.com.

Thank you in advance for your assistance.

Yours truly,

TERRA-DYNAMICS CONSULTING INC.

Briar MacIntyre, P.Geo. Environmental Geologist



Address Points

Water Well and Septic System Survey Area- 100m from 5324 Canborough Rd

0.04 0.08 ate: 2024-03-08

0.16

Time: 10:06 AM

0.24

0.32 © 2023 Niagara Region and its suppliers. Projection is UTM, NAD 83, Zone 17. The Niagara Region kniholases no representations or warranties whatsoever, either expressed or implied, as to the accuracy, completeness, reliability, currency or otherwise of the information shown on this map.



132 Niagara Street, Unit 2 St. Catharines, ON L2M 4W WATER WELL SURVEY FORM

Date:
Contact Person:
Property Address:
Telephone:
Email (if further information requested):
1.0 GENERAL QUESTIONS
Do you know your drinking water source? Please circle one or more of the following three options:
1.Well (20+ feet casing) 2.Shallow Well (less than 20 feet of casing) 3.Cistern 4. Municipal
Further comments:
Use page 3 or a separate sheet of paper for additional comments.
If your water supply is from a cistern, the rest of the questions do not apply. If you have both a cistern and a well, please complete the well questionnaire (Section 2.0 or 3.0). Please let us know where your place is located either on the supplied map or the area for a sketch on the second last page of this form. Please mail the completed form back to Terra-Dynamics in the provided envelope. Thank you for your assistance.
 If you have a drilled deep well (20+ feet of casing) please complete Sections 2 & 4 If you have a shallow well (less than 20 feet of casing), please complete Sections 3&4
2.0 DRILLED WELL (greater than 20 feet of casing)
How deep is your well?
Is your well drilled into rock?What is the well casing diameter?
Do you know when your well was drilled?
Do you know the name of the well driller?

Page 1 of 3

Water Well Survey Form Page 2
Do you have a well log? (i.e. a description of the geology encountered when drilling your well and if yes, can you supply a copy or write down the information in the Comments Section).
What is the use of your well water? (i.e. drinking water for house, garden irrigation, etc.)
Has your well ever run dry?
Do you experience problems with taste, colour or odour? (if yes, please explain).
Do you have any water purification systems for your well water? (i.e. water softeners, UV Light for bacteria, Sulphur/Iron Filter for odour or staining, etc.).
Do you perform regular maintenance on your well? (i.e. pump service, silt removal, etc.)
3.0 SHALLOW WELL (less than 20 feet of casing)
What is the well casing material and diameter?
What is the expected age of the well?
How deep is the well?
Does you utilize a jet pump or a submersible pump?
Is there problems with water quality (colour, odour, etc.)? Yes No
If yes, please explain
Do you have any water purification systems for your dug well water? (i.e. water softeners, UV Light for bacteria, Sulphur/Iron Filter for odour or staining, etc.).
Have you ever experienced freeze-up during the winter?
What is the use of your shallow dug well water? (i.e. drinking water for house, irrigation, etc.)

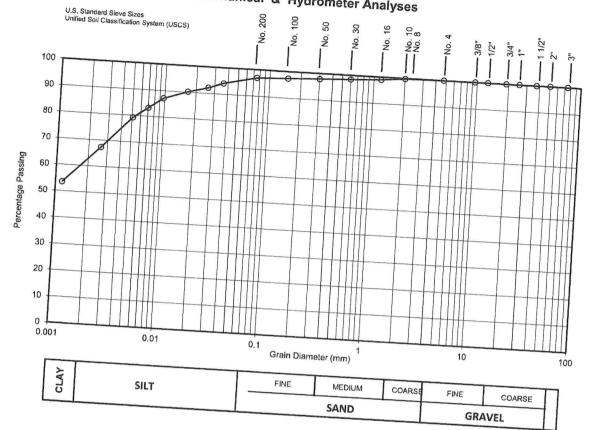
Water Well Survey Form Page 3
Has your dug well ever run dry?
Do you perform regular maintenance on your pump? (i.e. pump service, silt removal)
Additional comments:
4.0 LOCATION MAP
Can you please draw a sketch map of the location of your well(s), septic tank and sewage bed on your property (please show the location relative to buildings and roads).
SKETCH MAP OF WELL(S) and SEWAGE SYSTEM LOCATIONS
Other Comments: (Use a separate sheet, if required)
Please mail the completed form back to Terra-Dynamics in the provided envelope.

Thank you for your help.

Briar MacIntyre, P. Geo., Environmental Geologist 432 Niagara Street, Unit 2, St. Catharines, ON L2M 4W3 905-906-2311

Appendix D Supporting Information

Mechanical & Hydrometer Analyses



Lab No.: Borehole No.: Sample No.:	24-156	Notes: Sampled on April 9, 2024. Sample obtained from the south half of the property. Sample was taken at a depth of 80 cm.
	HA-1	Sample was taken at a depth of 80 cm.
CLAY [%]: SILT [%]: SAND [%]: GRAVEL [%]: D ₁₀ (Effective Diam. in mm):	35 3 0	Soil Description: Brown Silty Clay w/ a trace of Sand C.L Silty clays, inorganic clays of low to medium plasticity to M.L Inorganic silts and very fine sands
		Coefficient of Uniformity C _U : 18.0 Estimated Permeability, k [cm/s] 10 ⁻⁸ Coefficient of Curvature C _C : 0.5

SOIL-MAT ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS LTD.

5324 Canborough Road, Wellandport ON



	wellandport ON	i 1	
April 2024			
	Grain Size Analysis No. 1	Project No.: SM 2	230001-T



K from Grain Size Analysis Report

Date:

09-Apr-24

Sample Name:

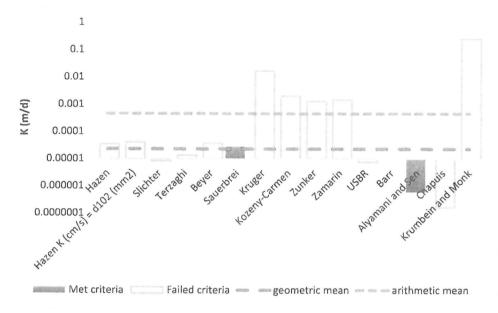
HA-1, 0.80 m, 5324 Canborough

Mass Sample (g):

242.2

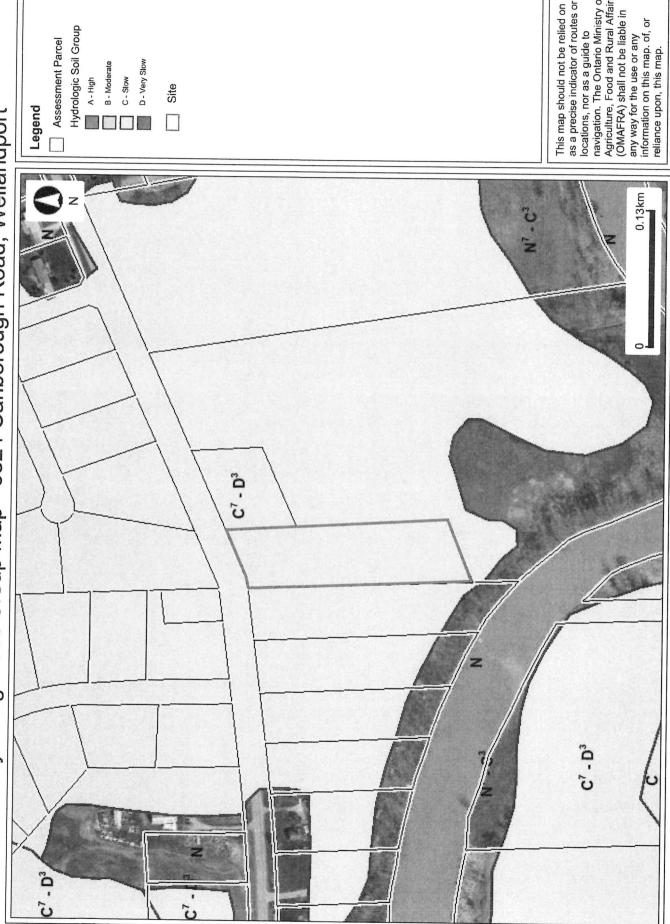
T (oC) 20

Poorly sorted clay with fines



Estimation of Hydraulic Conductivity	cm/s	m/s	m/d	de
Hazen	.409E-07	.409E-09	0.00	
Hazen K (cm/s) = d_{10} (mm)	.467E-07	.467E-09	0.00	
Slichter	.956E-08	.956E-10	0.00	
Terzaghi	.156E-07	.156E-09	0.00	
Beyer	.426E-07	.426E-09	0.00	
Sauerbrei	.319E-07	.319E-09	0.00	
Kruger	.192E-04	.192E-06	0.02	
Kozeny-Carmen	.237E-05	.237E-07	0.00	
Zunker	.148E-05	.148E-07	0.00	
Zamarin	.172E-05	.172E-07	0.00	
USBR	.871E-08	.871E-10	0.00	
Barr	.112E-07	.112E-09	0.00	
Alyamani and Sen	.702E-09	.702E-11	0.00	
Chapuis	.191E-09	.191E-11	0.00	
Krumbein and Monk	.292E-03	.292E-05	0.25	
Shepherd	.211E-05	.211E-07	0.00	
geometric mean	6.E-09	6.E-11	0.00	
arithmetic mean	1.E-08	1.E-10	0.00	

Hydrologic Soil Group Map - 5324 Canborough Road, Wellandport



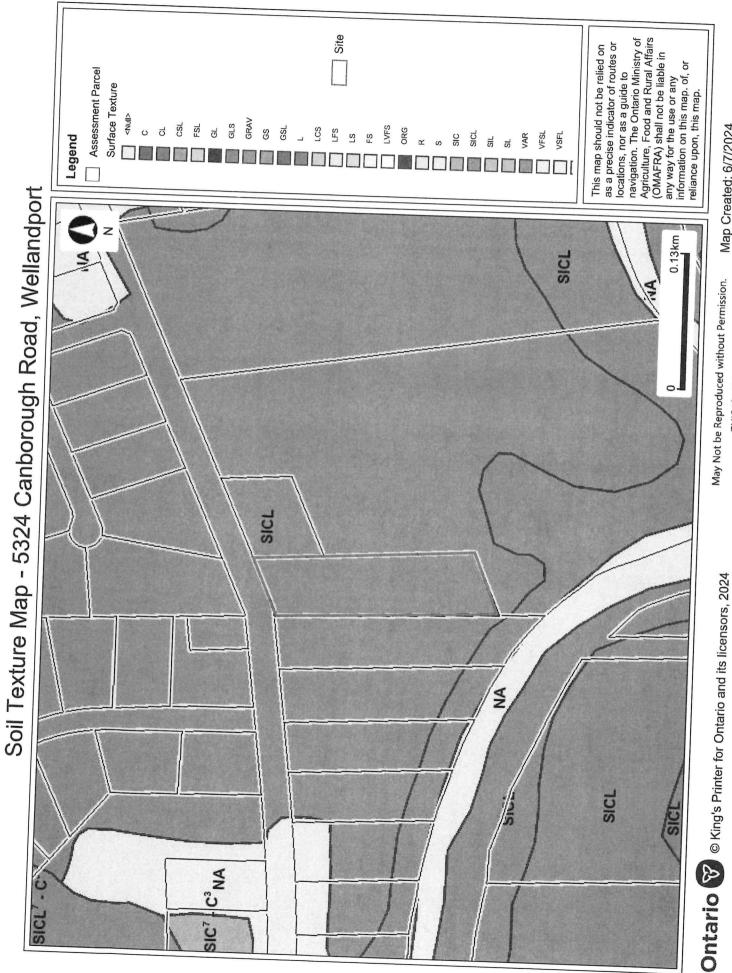
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Soil Classification Map - 5324 Canborough Road, Wellandport



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